CANADA.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

Agitation Against Poderated Legislation—A Short Session of arliament. Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1867. Last night Mr. Mille' bill for an act to da qualify mem-ers from sitting and voting in the general and local egislatures was, after a warm debate, withdrawn. It

may be brought up again next session.

The Legistatures of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have passed a similar ect.

A fresh proclamation has been issued calling the Legislature of Onfario to meet on the 27th proximo. The Legislature will only meet and adjourn until after the New Year's holidays.

THE PRESS TELEGRAM.

The Commercial Bank Case—Dickons to Read in Canada—Proceedings in the House of

Orrawa, Nov. 29, 1867.

The Committee on Banking and Currency met to-day, and finally revised the Commercial bank bill, which will be reported to both houses and speedily acted upon. The general opinion is that the bank will resume business at an early day.

Hon. John Bose, Minister of Finance, has been resisted for Huntingdon by acclamation. Charles Dickens writes to a friend in Montreal that he appects to give a few readings in Canada in the latter earl of the month of April.

Besolutions respecting the Intercolonial Railroad are appeared by the Imperial government, will superiated the works. They also provide for raising \$1,000,000 sterling on the credit of the dominion, in addition to the £5,000,000 guaranteed by the imperial government. The question of the route of the road will be afterwards decided.

ALABAMA.

The Reconstruction Convention-Order of General Pope for the Payment of the Members-Divorces, Bigamy and Miscegenation.

MONTGONERY, Nov. 29, 1867.

General Order No. 224, by General Pope, sets forth

tieneral Order No. 224, by General Pope, sets forth that the Reconstruction Convention having provided, as required by Congressional enactment, for the levying and ascessment of such taxes on the property of the State as are necessary for the payment of the expenses of the Convention, payments by the State Treasurer of appropriations for the pay of officers and members will be assertioned.

The Convention granted eight divorces from the bonds of matrimony to day and dismissed one suit for bigamy.

A majority of the Committee on Franchise reported back the additional section to the franchise article em-

back the additional section to the frauchise article empowering the next Legislature to disfranchise rebels who have not sided in reconstructing the State under the laws of Congress, which was tabled until to-morrow. This proposed soiton threatens the partial breaking up of the Convention.

An ordinance was reported declaring void all marklages between the whites and freed people, and requiring the Legislature to provide against such marriages mader severe penallies. The extreme radicals strongly opposed it, and a colored delegate said it was contrary to the Civil Rights biit. The ordinance was tabled until to-morrow.

to-morrow,

An ordinance was passed declaring valid all official acts of public officers in this State under military authority during the axistence of the present provisional government, as if the same had been in due course of the law,
A bureau of emigration has been established by the Cenvention.

LOUISIANA.

General Hancock's Order on Assuming Com-mand—The Reconstruction Convention. New ORLEANS, Nov. 29, 1867.

The troops were drawn upon the lever yesterday to receive General Hancock, but were withdrawn upon the esceipt of an order from the latter, telegraphed from

The following is General Hancock's order on taking

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DIRECT, N. W. ORLEANS, Ls., Nov. 29, 1867.

First—In accordance with General Orders No. 81, 1864quarters of the army, Adjusta General's office, Washington, D. C., August 27, 1867, Major General

sadquarters of the army, Adjutant General's Omce, sensington D. C., August 27, 1867. Major General', R. Hancock hereby assumes command of the Fifth Ritary District, and of the dopartment composed of the States of Louisiana and Fexas.

Second—The General commanding is gratified to learn lat peace and quiet reggs in this department. It will as peace and quiet reggs in this department. It will as his purpose to preserve this condition of things. As means to this great end, he regards the maintenance the civil authorities in the faithful execution of the day as the most efficient under existing circumstances. I wer it is indispensable to repel force by force, and rethrow and dostror opposition to lawful authorities at when insurrectionary force has been overthro-in a rethrow and dostror opposition to lawful authorities are ready and willing to perform their duties, he military power should cease to lead and enqui administration resume its natural and rightful smillion. Solomnly impressed with these views, the entering authorities of the present authorities of American borry still are the lawful inheritance of this people, and see about the present of the present of the present of the ready of speech and the natural rights of person and the rights of reporty must be preserved. Free institutions, while are essential to the preserving and happiness of the test and the results of the test of the second and the present the strongest inducements to and the natural rights of person and the rights of property must be preserved. Free institutions, while shey are essential to the prosperity and happiness of the people, atways furnish the strongest inducements to peace and order. Crimes and offences committed in the district must be referred to the consideration and judgment of the civil authorities, and those tribunals will be supported in their lawful jurisdiction. Should there be violations of existing laws which are not inquired into by the civil magistrates, or should failures in the administration of inside by the courts be complained of, the cases will be reported to these headquarters, when such orders will be made as may be deemed nocesary. While the General thus indicates his purpose to respect the liberties of the people, he wishes all to understand that armed flasurections or forcible resistance to the law will be instantly suppressed by arms.

By command of Major General W. S. HANCOCK.

W. G. Hircuster, Aide-de-Camp, A. A. A. G.

The Convention to-day passed resolutions inviting Géneral Sancock and Governor Flanders to seats inside the lar; endorung the removals made by General

he bar; endorsing the removals made by General lower, and in favor of the abolition of the cotton tax. Judge Ta inferro not being present, Mr. Ingraham (colored) was appointed temporary chairman.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Proposed Postponement of the Conservative Convention. Raimon, Nov. 29, 1867.

very large number of men from different portion A very large aumber of men from different portions. The State have been here in attendance for some days the United States Circuis Coart. After a full consultation had by many of the conservative gentlemen recent, it was deemed best to advise a postponement of the Conservative State Convention called to meet the Conservative State Convention called to meet the person the 11th of December next, and leave the time and place to be bareafter designated by the State Executive Committee. A State Executive Committee was appointed, and it is presumed the arrangement will be entirely acquiseced in.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Almost Certain Defeat of the Convention—
Discovery of Guano.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 29, 1867.

Purther election returns from the interior districts conder it aimost certain that the Convention is defeated, in the total vote poiled false short many thousands of the requisite majority of sections.

the requisite majority of registered voters.

Emmense deposits of valuable phosphates, said to be superior to Peruvian guano and of incalculable value, Bare been discovered on plantations hitheric considered of little value, stretching along the banks of Aniey river, a few miles above this city. A company has been formed, backed by Northern capitalists, to utilize these deposits, which consist of animal remains forming a thick substratum for many miles. The subject excites considerable interest here.

The Augusta and Port Royal Railroad.
CRARLESTON, Nov. 29, 1867.
At a meeting of the stockholders of the Port Royal
Saliroad, designed to connect Augusta with Port Royal
Sarbor, hald on the 27th instant, Stephen C. Millett, of
Deaufort, was elected Precident, and R. E. Robbins, of
Boston, with eleven others, directors. More than half
the grading is already completed, and two thousand
hands will be put on the work immediately.

MISSOURI.

It nin and Snow Storm in St. Louis.

St. Lous, Nev. 20, 1807.

A rain storm set in about eix e'clock last night, and mitiaued until towards moraing, when it turned into a prious snow storm, which still continues to rage with real violeuce. Probably six inches of enow have failes, tough the greater part fell in mud and motice. The stormy is now below the freezing point, and the individuous are in favor of clear weather. The storm came on the northwest, and during vosterday prevailed proughout Western Missourt, Kansas and Nobreeka.

Piero in Detroit.

Detroit, Nov. 20, 1867.

Many of Resented Studies was departering morates, involving a loss of

NEW YORK.

Femeral of Chancellor Watworth.

Sanaroua, Nov. 29, 1867.

The funeral of the inte Chancellor Walworth took place to day at two o'clook P. M. and was conducted with Masonic ceromenics.

TENNESSEE.

Persons to Be Admir. 'ed to the Ministry.

A. SHVHLE, Nov. 29, 1867.

The General Assembly of the Presbyterian church is

the United States adjourned to day to meet in Baltimore on the third Tuesday in May next. The action of the Assembly a year age excluding colores, persons from the ministry has been rescibed, and all parsons having the requisite recommendations will hereafter be admitted.

CONNECTICUT.

The Will of Silns Bronson.

HARTYORD, NOV. 20, Y867.

Mr. Silas Bronson, who died at the St. Nicholas, 6 Monday, was a native of Middlebury, Conn. He leaves an estate, estimated at over \$1,000,000. He gives by his will 200,000 to the city of Waterbury for a pobic library; to each of twenty-five nephews and nicces, \$15,000, and the rest to his heils at law, his brothers and sisters or their representatives. There were six brothers and sis-ters, three of whom survive him.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Murder in Pittsburg.

Privature, Nov. 20, 1867.

A man named Owen McGovern was murdered last night by James Montooth. McGovern, who had been dr.nking bard during yesterday, struck Hontooth several times, when Montooth stabbed licelevern in the neck, killing him almost instantly. Montooth made no attempt at eaces as

OHIO.

Meeting of the Woman Rights Advocates at Cincinnati. Cincinnati, Nov. 29, 1867.

George Francis Train, Mrs. Stanton and Miss Anthony spoke at Mozart Hall last night to a large audien Their remarks were well received.

Joe Coburn arrived here last night, and will give an exhibition to-morrow night.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

THE LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, Nov. 29—Evening.—Consols closed at 95 for money. American securities.—No quotations have been received to day by the Atlantic cable from New York. The following are the closing rates here:—United States five twenty bonds, 71; Illinois Centrals, 87; Erie Railway shares, 47½.

THE FRANKYOR: BOURSE.—PRANKYOR: Nov. 29—Evening.—United States bonds closed at 75 11-16 for the issue of 1842.

LEVERPOOL COFTON MARKET.—LEVERPOOL. Nov. 20

TRADE REPORT.—Advices from Manchester continue unfavorable. Goods and yaras are heavy and prices are decilining.

Liverpool. Breaderupps Market—Laverpool. Nov. 29—Evening.—The market closed without any improvement. Cora, 47s. 9d; wheat, 16s. 3d. for California white and 13s. 2d for No. 2 red Western; barley, 5s. 4d.; Oats, 3s. 11d; pess, 49s. 6d.

Liverpool. Provisions Market—Liverpool., Nov. 29—Evening.—Beef, 112s. 6d. for winter cured. Pork, 7os. Lard, 49s. 9d. Cheese, 52s. Bacon, 45s. 6d.

Liverpool. Produce Market—Liverpool., Nov. 29—Evening.—sugar, 26s. 6d. Rosin, 7s. 9d. for common and 11s. for medium. Tailow, 44s. Turpentine, 27s.

London Markets—London, Nov. 29—Evening.—Whate oil, £39: sperm oil, £112; linseed oil, £39. Lisseed cakes declined to £11 per ton.

Patrolium—The market closed nominal at 45 france for standard white.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The New Tariff of Charges-Increased Fa-

On Sunday next, the 1st of December, the new tariff of the Atlantic Cable Company goes into effect. The new cable, via the island of St. Pierre and along the coast of New Foundland, is now in operation, as well as the new land line connecting the cable at Heart's Con-As a consequence of these improvements, we shall probably have greater promptness and less interruptions in cable business than heretofore. Telegrams sent from London on the 29th instant were received in this city at twenty-eight minutes past eleven o'clock on the night of the 28th, thus arriving apparently in advance of their own dates.

THEATRE FRANÇAIS. -LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.

Jacques Offenbach, delighted at the success of his cleyer, brilliant protegée, "The Grand Duchess" in America, has addressed the following letter through his brother, Henri, to Mr. Bateman, manager of the Theatre Français, New York.

Prançais, New York.

Pants, Nov. 9, 1867.

Mr. Battman, Director of the Theatre Français,—

lir. Offenbach has directed age to write to you. He has read of the success of "The Grand Duchess" in New York, and is very happy to know it. He thanks you heartily for the pains you have taken for its production, which he has learned is porfect.

He is very desirous to enter into an arrangement with you to send his scores of operas, when you may wish them, and to make a contract with you. Should you visit Paris he will be very happy to see you on the subject, and will be delighted to arrange with you.

Receive, Mr. Bateman, his distinguished consideration.

H. OFFENBACH.

Receive, Mr. Bateman, his distinguished consideration.

11 Rox Larritte.

The admirable cast and style with which "The Grand Duchoes" is placed on the stage at the Theatre Françals is a sufficient reason to explain the wonderful popularity it has acquired, and also how the composer himself has been affected by it. The metropolitan public recognized at once the difference between opera at the cosey, tandsome, brilliant, little Théâtre Français and in the dreary waste of the Academy of Music. In the latter place the stockholders, occupying the best scate, are the only people who can hear even a little of the opera, for the voices of the singers, never very fresh or powerful at any time, sound like echoes at a short distance from the footlights. In the Théâtre Français the audience seem more tike a family party, and only the delightful absurdities of Offenbach with a zest such as the chilling atmosphere of the catacombs never can communicate. The "Grand Duchous" is now being played in all the principal cities of Europe, and a London manager has brought it out in an English form with superannated singers at Hor Majesty's thearra. According to the universal testimony of all who have seen it in Paris and Germany, the cast at the Théâtre Français its superior in many respects. It is just the style of opera our people want, and the fossilis of the listing stage are therefore neglected for it. Mr. Bateman will bring out "La Belle Heibae" as the next of Offenbach's works, and he is negotiating with the composer for his "Robinson Crusoe" and all his latest works. Each opera will be produced simultaneously in Paris and New York, and every means taken here to render the charming opera bouffe a permanent institution. Tostée was in spiendie voice isat night, and her whole court as merry and joily as ever. The andience, in spite of the disagreeable state of the weather, was pretty large, the parquest being completely filled.

SALE OF DICKERS' TICKETS AT STEINWAY HALL.

Steinway Hail and the vicinity of Fourteenth street and Irving place presented a strange night yesterday morning at an early hour. The sale of tickets for Dickens' readings commenced after eight e'clock, and a quest of anxious buyers and some speculators extended from the box office of the half out into Fourteenth greet of anxious buyer and some specializers when the port office of the hall out into Fourteenth street, in front of Steinway's building, and around Irving place as far as Irving Hall. A detail of police kept the constantly increasing crowd in order, and they were allowed only to enter to the office in single file. The rule established for disposition of the tickets was that no more than six would be said to any one person, and this made it necessary for the speculators to have representatives scattered throughout the line in order that the number of tickets desired might be obtained. In this, however, the speculators were disappointed, for in the svening they seemed to be disquisted with the arrangements, and they declaimed violently against what they called an infringement on their privileges. The atmost order prevailed, and the crowd, although somewhat of a heterogeneous character, purchase, to prevent any disturbance. Only the season lickets, for a course of four reading, were not yeared and the office closed in helf-past twe evolock. When the office closed, a large number of process present were discovered in the course of the seasons in the content of the course of the seasons in the discovered in the course of the seasons in the discovered in the course of the seasons in the discovered in the course of the seasons in the course of the reading thesis. The amount recovered in the box office of the course of the seasons in the discovered in the course of the seasons in the course of the reading thesis. The amount recovered in the box office of the course of the seasons in the course of the course of the seasons in the course of the course of the seasons in the seasons in the course of the course of the seasons in the seasons in the course of the seasons in the seasons in the course of the seasons in the seasons in the course of the seasons in t

THE IMPEACHMENT QUESTION.

Plotting and Counterplotting for the Presidency.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE.

Introduction of a Bill Looking to the Kesumption of Specie Payments.

Horace Greeley Confirmed as Minister to Austria.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1867,

The President's Message.

These from a trustworthy source that the President's Message is almost completed, and that it is probable a special Cabinet meeting will be called on Monday to listen to that portion which was not considered at the sassion to-day. I understand that while the President adheres to the same views expressed by him in his former messages upon the important points of difference between the executive and legislative branches of the govern-ment, he has framed the message in a moderate and conciliatory spirit, with the manifest intention of avoiding everything calculated to cause irritation.

The Impeachment Question.

The feeling on impeachment is undergoing a visible medification. When a majority was reported favorable to the measure, members jumped fastily to the conclusion that some additional testimony had been secured which, even without its being made known, was sufficient and the secure of which, even without its being made known, was sufficient to warrant therein in ranging themselves on the side of the majority of the committee. Sufficient time has now elapsed for the testimony upon which meet reliance was placed to form an impeachment motion to receive careful attention, and prominent radicals declare in literal terms that the President appears in oven a better light than his friends might have anticipated. The more the impeachment testimony is read by members not previously blinded by prejudice, the greater the conviction becomes that the whole matter has been a huge viction becomes that the whole matter has been a huge and the country. A well informed radical Senator stated and the country. A well informed radical Senator stated to-day that, though doubtful of the result a few days ago, he feels confident now that the question will be beaten in the House by a majority of over thirty. The members from Onio are divided in sentiment, and also those from Pennsylvania. New Jersey is decidedly against it, together with Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Connecticut, New York is divided on the general vote. However, a majority of republicans will be for against impeachment. The men of sense and business in both houses are eagerly desirous of having the ques-tion brought up at once and disposed of forever. They

in its discussion.

The Resumption of Specie Payments.

The bill of Senator Morrill, looking to the resumption of specie payments, attracted more attention than any other having reference to the financial question that has been offered up to this. The principal members of both houses are coming seriously to determine that all other questions must be left in comparative abeyance for the consideration of finance, revenue and taxation. Senator Morrill's bill to-day has given a fresh impetus to this feeling; but it is evident the majority of the nation's legislators are sadly at dent the majority of the nation's legislators are saily at fault in their knowledge of the true principles of finance, or of their proper application to the circum-

are irritated at having the present valuable time waste

Señator Wilson is of opinion that Congress will con-solidate the bonded debt, provide that it shall be taxed, and take from the Secretary of the Treasury the power to retire any more of the currency. He believes

that when the impeachment bore, against which all the New England members except Butler and Boutwell will vote, is got rid of, Congress will address itself to these questions, and inside of a hundred days give the country a revised and improved code of Internal Revenue, reduced taxation, and in order to meet the monetary needs of a portion of the States where but few national banks are in existence, the circulation of some of the Northeastern banks will amount of the national bank circulation, diffuse currency throughout the whole country.

Neutrality in the Abyasinian War. The joint resolution offered by Senator Chandle day, declaring a strict neutrality on the part of the United States between Great Britain and the kingdom of Abyssinia, was taken and relished by the Senate as capital burlesque on the neutrality proclamation issued by the English government at the breaking out of our

The Nominations Before the Senate-Horace Greeley Confirmed as Minister to Austria. The executive session of the Senate was protracted to nearly four hours to-day in discussion whether the additional session of Congress was a session in itself, and whether the nominations heretofore sent in for confirmation could be acted upon this session. The final conclusion arrived at was that this session was part of the last, only being a recess, and the names of Horace Greeiey, for Minister to Austria; Horace Capron,

inst, only being a recess, and the names of Horace Greeley, for Minister to Austria; Horace Capron, of Illinois, for Commissioner of Agriculture, and A. C. Hunt, for Governor of Colorado Territory, were confirmed. When the nomination of Horace Greeley as Minister to Austria was brought up in the Sonate to-day, Sonator Conking moved that he be confirmed. Senator Tipton, from Nebraska, obtained the floor, and set about denouncing Greeley as a renegation of the Republic, which organization had everywhere denounced him. He had served in the array himself, as a captain, and he did not intend turning his back upon the soldiers. After Tipton had spoken some time the Senato confirmed Mr. Greeley without a cail of the roll. General Capron, the next nomination, was confirmed by a large vota. Mr. Stiwell's name for Minister to one of the South American republics was re-committed to the Committee on Foreign Relations. There are two or three names still before the, Senate which were not reached to-day, among them Judge Gibbs, for Governor of Idabo Territory, vice Baftard, suspended. In effort will be made to hold an executive session on Monday morning, previous to the adjournment, to dispose of morning, previous to the adjournment, to dispose of these nominations. Such as are not acted on before the close of the session fall styd new nominations will have to be sent to the Senate.

to be sent to the Senate.

The Presidential Question.

Politicians are beginning to exacuse their thoughts on the most eligible candidates for; the Presidency on the republican ticket in the campaign of next year. In these speculations the impessement and financial questions enter largely. Grant, Wade and Chase are the principal subjects of discursion, in which the former has by far the lead. The forwastion of Grant clubs in different parts of the country manifests not only a moveprincipal subjects of discursion, in which the former has by far the lead. The formation of Grant clubs in different paris of the country manifests not only a movement of leaders, but a gradual organization of the masses. Among public men from the different States centring here there is uttered a great unanimity of opinion on this subject. In expressing their views the prost radical declars that by carrying out the imposable and the President the success of the next election would be certain, and Grant's chances, therefore, considerably strengthened. In remarks of this kind there is an apparent uncertainty in the minds of the radicals whether, even with Grant at their head, they will be able to carry the masses at the next election. Of late the reticence of the General is an emphatically applicated as it was consured but a few weeks ago. What new revelation has brought about this sudden change is a mystery. A promisent politician in conversation to-day expressed his opinion concerning Grant by stating that his non-committal policy on political topics was one of the strengest recommendations he had to adapt him to the emergencies of the republican party. By consummating the imposablement of the President, those placing Old Ben Wade in the office until after the next election, he countered the triumph of radical ideas certain, by concentrating the imposablement of the President, those placing old Ben Wade in the reconstite patronage on that side. As a choice for the President of his position and incongruence patronage on that side. As a choice for the President of his position and incongruence patronage.

upon property and finances and general political indiscretions. Chase is opposed by the entire Western Northwestern and a targe share of the Northern interest, on account of his financial holdes. The Westorn politicians are particularly antagonistic to the na-ticual tank system, which is the creation of Chi of Jus-lice Chase's epeculations on finance, and they w.'ll op-pose him on the ground that if he were erected to the pose him on the ground that if he were exceed to the Presidency be would employ the whole machinery of the vast powers of the Presidential office to establish and consolidate his financial schemes. In this state of the case it very forcibly appears to the minds of these new operating against the national banks, as seen in the bills before both houses of Congress, making greenbacks the entire currency of the country, that treither Chase nor Wade will be desirable candidates. The people it is reported are also taking candidates. The people, it is reported, are also taking hold of this question, and will be influenced in no small degree in determining upon which side to cast their tes when the time comes.

Protection of American Citizens Abroad. Prefection of American Citizens Abrond.
There is a disposition on the part of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs to take some definite action in reference to the force of American instralization papers. They propose to decide upon some effectual means of protecting American citizens from the inconveniences to which they have been subjected by some foreign Powers. The Committee, however, are equally emphatic in their determination to discountenance any interference where the parties have been engaged in open hostility to any governments. They consider if a person participales in acts which make him subject to the criminal laws of the State, he places himself beyond the protection of this govern-ment, and must run the chances of punishment under

Saturday's Session of the House.
The House will have a meeting to-morrow, but in accordance with a previous understanding no business will be transacted, and an adjournment till Monday will

The Senate Sergeant-at-Arms.

Statements have been made in various newspapers that the Senate contemplate electing a Sergeant at-Arms that the Senate contemplate electing a property it is in place of the present incumbent, but on inquiry it is ascertained that the Senate has no such intention.

The Public Debt Statement.

The public debt statement will be issued about the 5th of December. It is probable that instead of a reduction, there will be found an increase of the debt, which is mainly owing to the fact that \$26,000,000 was expended on the first of the present month towards the payment of the interest on the public debt. The receipts from Customs and Internal Revenue will be about the same amount as that for October. The Annual Report of the Secretary of the

Treasury.

The report of the Secretary of the Treasury will probably be mailed to-morrow to the principal cities North and West, in care of assistant treasurers or collectors of customs, to be delivered to the newspapers as soon as the report shall have been sent to Congress.

The Case of Ex-Secretary Stanton.

The rumor that Mr. Stanton will resign the office of Secretary of War if rejustated by the Senate, is denied upon good authority. Mr. Stanton is still here, waiting for the Senate to take some action in his case.

Jeff Davis.
From Richmond, to day, I learn that the grand jury of the United States Circuit Court is still engaged in the examination of witnesses for the purpose of making a new indictment sgainst Jeff Davis. Ex-Governor Letcher and George Wythe Mumford, formerly the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Virginia, were before the jury

Mrs. Lucy Cobb and the Impeachment Testi-

meny. hirs. Lucy Cobb, who figures in the impeachment assimony of detective Lafayette C. Baker, came here to-day from Baltimore on a visit. In conversation she is very emphatic in pronouncing Baker's story a departure from truth. She avers that Mr. Johnson was personally unknown to her until after he became President, and that she was then presented to him by two preminent radicals. She complains that Baker's evidence has had the effect of misrepresenting and virtually ruining her. She is at present in indigent circumstances and dependent upon a relative for aid.

ent upon a relative for aid.

The Ultra Radicals in Virginia.

The ultra negro radicals in the State of Virginia, having become frightened at the reaction which they see is bound to come in a short time from the excesses of their party, wish now to secure the influence and co-operation of members of the republican party who have some claim to respectability. A meeting was held in Richmond this afternoon, in the rain, at which resolutions were adopted calling on Governor Pierport, John M. Botts, Franklin Stearns, Lewis McKenzie, General Wells and others to call a convention of white republi-Wells and others to call a convention of white republi cans during the session of the Constitutional Convention, for the purpose of devising, as they say, means to prevent negro voters from being intimidated by conservatives in casting their votes for the constitution to be propared by the convention. The men they now call on for assistance have been lately repudiated by them. Botts was beaten by negro votors in Culpepper for the convention, Stearns in Henry county, and McKenzie in Alexandria Many others called on now have sought to restrain them the convention from Richmond were among those mak-

ing the call for a white man's convention. Robert J. Walker's Letter on the Fluances Governor Walker, in the letter which he is about to publish on the finances of the country, strives to demonstrate that the legal as well as the moral obligation to pay the principal and interest of \$50 five-twenties in gold is complete in the laws of Congress themselves also, that the revenue for the support of the govern-ment will be amply sufficient, after all the internal revenue tax is repealed, excepting those on liquors and

The Dunbar Contempt Case.

Mr. Edward E. Dunbar, of the New York Globe, appeared before the Committee on Retrenchment this morning, and totally disarmed the committee of any nareh intentions that they may have entertained towards him by his perfectly frank statement. The members of the committee evinced no disposition to corner him on any point of honor, and the fact that Mr. Dunbar has any point of honor, and the lact that Mr. Dunbar ma-cleared himself from the charge of contempt having been communicated to the Senate in-executive session, his release from arrest was immediately ordered.

The Chesapenke and Ohio Railrond.
The scheme for the completion of the Chesapenke and Ohio Railroad, recently proposed by the special commit-tee, was adopted by the stockholders to-day by a ma-

The Vorage of the Ram Stonewall. The Veynge of the Ram Stonewall.

A private letter from Captain George Brown, of the ram Stonewall, received at the Navy Department yeaterday, and dated Rio Janeiro. October 29, gives an account of the performence of that vessel in her voyage through the tropics, which contradicts the report of her undiness for see. After leaving Maranham, the captain says, they encountered a fearful gale, which lasted for three days, during which the Stonewail, insted for three days, during which the Stonewail, though inclined to ship heavy seas, held on her course admirably, and made the port of Bahia in safety. The captain speaks in the highest terms of her sailing qualities. Under canvas, and without steam, the made six knots an hour easily. From Valpairasso to Japan he intends to perform the remainder of the voyage under sail, as his supply of coal will be nearly r.x. hausted when he reaches the west coast of South America. The Japaness on board had no notion of committing harritari, but felt in high spirits at the satisfactory progress of their prize purchase.

Tree Pratique for Whaling Vessels at Teneriffe.

Information has been received at the State Department from Teneriffe under the date of October 29, stating that the royal orders for reviewing our whaling vessels by admitting them to free praiding at that port were efficient. These refer to whalors which sailed from the United States previous to June 1, of this year. Already seven vessels have, in consequence, been admitted at that port, which would otherwise have been dismissed, to their great inconvenience and low. to their great inconvenience and loss,

> THE FORTIETH CONGRESS. Adjourned Seesion

SENATE.

WARRINGTON, Nov. 20, 1947.

PRINTIPS AGGINET CONTRACTION OF THE CURRENCY.

Mr. SHERMAN, 1709.) of Ohio, presented the position of the City Council of Cincinnati against any further contraction of the currency, and in favor of having the national debt paid off in greenbooks, excepting such bends as are expressly payable in gold on their face. The patition was referred to the Committee on Finance.

forty citizens of Wilminston, Del, tor ammediate legislation to scoure to women equal surrage with men in the District of Columbra, which was referred to the Committee on the District.

THE TYPOURIE BEFFUESE GREAT 255 FEATH AND ADVARDABLE.

PARTITLE NEWTRALITY ON THE UNITED STATES.

THE UNITED STATES.

THE ORDER OF THE POWERS AND STATES.

Whereas we are a peace at all sovereign Powers and States; and whereas hostilides deave anhisping commenced between the government of the King of a Britain and the King of the government of Great Britain and with the government of Great Britain and with

ment of tireat Britain and with the Resolved, That we do now declare our determination to Resolved. That we do now declare our determination to institute a strict and unpartial neutrality in the contact between the said contending parties, granting to the flag of each ledigerout the same rights, privileges and immunities both upon sand and water.

Mr. Mon Will, (rop.) of Vt., introduced the following

Mr. Mos. Will. (rop.) of Vi., introduced the following bill:

Pe it enus. 22. &c., That on and after the 4th day of July, 1879, the Sec thorized and the stay of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and not bearing notes, which Treasury office as may be design to the Secretary Storios Z. And until January 1, 2 stry of the nilad poms falling due year, and deducting arcess of colmover. Secretary of the Treasury of the American States, after paying the interest and course year, and deducting arcess of colmover. Secretary of the Treasury of the American States, after paying the interest and course year, and deducting arcess of colmover. Secretary of the Treasury of the American States, after paying the interest and courses of the United States notes of United States. Sec. 3. That all nation per centum of species on the residence on the Forestrer of the Ushalks of the United States. Sec. 3. That all nation per centum of species on the Forestrer of the Ushalk not be so construed as the thoral banks shall be and the return and pay in coin, on dask of the Prosition of the Ushalk having less than twenty the public interest. He may receive the Ushalk having less than twenty the public interest. He may receive the Ushalk having less than twenty the public interest. He may receive the Ushalk having less than twenty the public interest. He may receive the Ushalk having less than twenty the public interest. He may receive the Ushalk having less than twenty the fact of the Ushalk having less than their thonal banks which may be deposited by the said banks. And all their bills usued to the fact of the Ushalk having less than their thonal banks which may be deposited to the proportion of the whole and the Cemptroller, upon receiving the same, shall proceed to close as in other cases of forcetture provide.

Mr. Mostrus stated that he should is a said and presented may and United States as may be a special to the same and the company of the demonstration of the was less than their deprecation of the same and the company of

istion of the national banks.

Mr. Morrill stated that he should ; early day. He was in favor of Congres all these difficult questions of finance doubt of either the purpose or the shill: so adjust the system and to passe such nec as would in the end prove more satisfa present state of affairs of the country. The bill was laid on the table and or fored to be printed.

The bill was laid on the table and or dered to be printed.

THE PROCEEDS OF CAPTURED AND MEANDONED

A TENDITION WAS Offered by Mr. CONNESS. (* 'P.) of Cal., and adopted, cailing on the Secastary of the to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether the sum of \$3 deep to inform the Senate whether senate which have senate whether special call the Senate whether special call the Senate whether special call

ne next session.

EXECUTIVE RESSION.

On motion of Mr. Yarss the Senate went into executive session, and soon thereafter adjourned.

ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE.

The Army.

By order of General Pope the commanding officers of the Districts of Georgia, Alabama and Florida are authorities. rized to grant furiough, Amanina and Florida are authorized to grant furiough to enlisted men not to exceed thirty days. The number allowed to be absent at one time to be limited to live per centum of the command at each post. General Pope requires application for furioughs for a longer period than thirty days to be made at his headquarters.

The Navy.

Assistant Surgeon J. B. Parker has been detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to examination

from the Naval Academy and ordered to examination for promotion.

Passed Assis ant Paymaster C. A. M. McDaniel and Acting Passed Assistant Surgeon Robort F. Brooks have been ordered to the Newbern.

Assistant Surgeon Aifred Griffith has been ordered to the Naval Assistant Surgeon to the Naval Assistant Surgeon Aifred Griffith has been ordered to the Naval Assistant Surgeon Aifred Griffith has been discharged. A board consisting of the following named officers have been ordered to convone at the Naval Assistant Officers, president Surgeon Assistant Surgeon Assistan

FIRES IN NEW YORK.

I/ire in First Avenue-Loss, \$35,000.
At last past six o'clock last evening a fire originated in the drying and japanning house connected with the extensive pencil manufactory of E. Faber, located in extensive pencil manufactory of E. Faber, located in First avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third streets. The building was one story brick, with a frame strayshove, and owing to the dryness of the premises between places of coder logs. The freems quickly arrived, but experienced considerable delay in obtaining water from the river. By good management, however, the engineers kept the flames from the main factory building and thuse prevented a large destruction of property. The building in which the fire originated was worth about \$1,300, which is insured for \$300. The stock in the drying room is estimated at \$2,500, and the damage to the codar logs will not fall much short of \$30,000. There is an insurance of \$3,000, only on this property in out of town comyanies. The fire is supposed to have been caused by accident. The heavy atmosphere reflected the light of the fire and illuminated the entire reginethood, drawing together an immense crowd of appenditors, while the high rocks on the west ade of First avenue enforded an excellent position to view the conflagration. There could not have been less than ten thousand persons on the surrounding leights, most of whom had attained their positions at considerable risk and by wading ankie deep in mud to satisfy their curiouslty.

Fire in Bleecker Street.

About a quarter to five o'clock yesterday afternoon to fire broke out on the third floor of No. 237 Bleecke street, in the dwelling spartments of Sylvester Riegel, caused by some clothing taking fire from the stove Damage about \$200; insured for \$400 in the Hamilton Insurance Company.

A. "Onward, right onward, Into the Valley of Death Rode the Siz Hundred."

But larger, by hundreds multipled into millions, than the doomed band who rode to swift destruction in Tenyson poem, is the great exadicate of unknown man who are rushing to untimely graves, followed by the gaunt species dyspersis. This is all wrong, and should onesse PLANTATION SITTERS, the great stomachic teath tiller, course dyspersis heartburg, headache, vertige, duliness and all symptoms of kindred character as if by magic. For languer, issuitude great weathers and mental depression they have a most wonderful effect.

MAGNOLLA WATER A Additional medical courses and they have a most wonderful effect. wonderful effect.

MAGNOLIA WATER—A delightful totlet article; superio
to Cologos and at half the price.

M.G.NOGIA MARKET MARKET

A Trapto of the Animal. You That Tally stry in the vary fast and spec of the whole world. He is not be very fast and spec of the whole world. He is no for the immediate removal of pair crosp. Dr. 2007. It is to Continue square. Now york, at Myris an eventure, if Wheeler street, because of the crosp to the secondary, if Wheeler street, being the transfer of WOUCOTTS FAST FAST That that any of the continues to the continues the secondary of the continues to the continues the secondary of the continues to the cont

A Card to the Stock indicers of the Pacific Man Steamship Company,—We have heretofore his before you are views in relevant to the true policy of the stock-beliers in relevance to the approaching enotion of Directors

rendered it impossible to obtain explanations as to the cits of complaint.

tenderty of litigation to impair conditions in the of your stock, and to affect your interests, forbade a should hesitate to inquire whether explanations gives which shawed that any of these matters of the were founded in error, the general palicy of the company nor the sushas intherio followed its management have been guestioned by us. Its suffernment.

he goarmi pelloy of the company nor the sus-has interio fellowed its manascannt have been questioned by us. Its extravagence we cen-med; and well believe that the control of o, Brothers & So, over so large a number of theed for some purpose of private advantage, our inquiries, however, we have become bars. Brown, Brothers & Go, in relation to the manes, are simily trustees, and that a convent to the mean cast, not against the manes are simily trustees, and that a the office that wish indicated by the other with the wish indicated by the other with the manescan produced in the author with they never have been depositories of the from the surplus funds of the com-

duce a mote rigid coonomy in all the many we are carnest, as herelafore; act the best possible results for the with a frankness which has reit the telephon of a board which imment harmon and prosper.

P. he prontable development of its In our desire to listre departments of the con, and our disposition to an company has been met suited in a concurrence in Histories

The constraint of t following gootlemen and pro

MEW YORK, Nov. 27, 1967. HABITUAL CONSTIPATION HOW TO EFFECT A CERTAIN AND PER HOW TO EFFECT A CERTAIN AND PER.

Some occupations of life predispose to costivent chally those which allow but little exercise. Forst contract this unfortunate habit of body, under such stances, might possibly be relieved by changing their tary employments for others of a more solive finely is by no means certain. Habitual constipations at the continued use of strong specime. They at Institute the strainty aggravate it. Nothing can be not included the other strainty aggravate it. Nothing can be not included the strainty aggravate it. Nothing can be not included as of strong appears. They at Institute and insity aimset party see of cathacte thedictions have effect upon them. A mild appetent combination its papears of the strainty of the strong proportion of these ingredients is found in Integrates the whole intestinal cansal, while quietly remain from its convolutions all impedients to a free passing from its convolutions all impedients to a free passing from its convolutions all impedients to a free passing the mild of the strong the desired objects of constipation abandond as hopeless by disguished medical men have been cared in a few weeks the Bitters. To those who have tried all the medicines

A.—Rheumatism Legaliy Warraced Cares money refunded. Dr. FITLER'S Great Vegetable Rosa atic Romedy takes hwardly. Beferences, 17,757 oreser-rincipal depot, 704 Broadway. Positively he sure no-par-

A.—Universal Exposition, Paris, 1965.—
STEINWAY & SONS triumphan, having been awarded the first grand gold model for American Grand. Self-international Judy. This media is distinctly classified and common more than paris over all other American exhibition, and over more than paris user all other American exhibition, and over more than paris and other more colorated manufactures. Europe. Warersoms No. 199 and 111 East Fourieshin arrest, New York.

Bless Your Mend with One of Knox of the Park Rnox has triumpled over the combined heads Bank, and he feels plossy. Any man feels gleasy one of Knox's hats. As most every one works the glossy feeling is very p. edomingut. These head issue every hour in the day from the paradigas and olegance, Blk and 533 Broadway. Bay Rum-In Phncheous and Bake to for

Cure for Cough or Cold.—As shoon no The to led the alightest uneasiness of the chest, with difficulty of the chest, with difficulty of the chest, with difficulty of the continue of the conti Conjugal Love and the Happiness of 2: Marriage - An emp for Adung men; each by mail, free charge. Address Secretary, Howard Association, Phila-phia, Pa.

Cristadero's Hair Die-The Best Ever Ma Cough, Congh, Cough COUGH BALSAN MADAME PORTERS COUGH BALSAN

is known to be the sure and evocutal remedy, at the reach of all. For sale by all druggists at 25, 50 and 75 cents. Corns, Banious, Enlarged Joints, and all

Cold-ine is a Certain Care for Conghs, Coldsoninfluenza and sore threats, at RUSHTONS, 10 Acres Bosses, corner of Barclay street.

Dr. Schonck's Mandrake Plils.

These Pills are composed of various roots, including Pedophila, or concentrated Mandrake, the compound having the power to reise the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as bites pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeshis or dangerous-drost which often follow the use of the latter.

In all billious disorders these pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of which his and remove those obstructs this use discharge of which his and remove those obstructs billious discribes in an ellips. The confidence which are the cutsed billious discribes in an ellips. The cutsed billious discribes in an ellips which are the cutsed billious discribes in all produces which are the cutsed billious discribes in a large with a second consistence of many persons, producing piles. Billious describes producing piles financial feedings in a second continuous, and consistences, drowshase, and a spensed feeding of wearings and lastitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required. Paticipis can consult him professionally at his roome, No. 38 hout street, New York, every Tuesday, from 9 A. M. 103 P. M. All advice free of charge; but for a thorough an amination with his Respirancier, 35. Price of the Pulmonte Syrup and Seawed Tonic, each 31 50 per bottle, of \$7.50 the haif dozen. Mandrake's Pills, 25 cents per jed. Sold by druggists everywhere. A full supply can always be obtained at his rooms, No. 38 fond street, New York, Demas Barnkis & CO., No. 21 Park row, New York, General Wholessie Agents.

Fringes, Corde, Tassels, Glups and Trime VALLS, 141 Pulton street,

Ladies', Misses' and Boys' Boots and Misses beautiful in style, excellent in quality, moderate in price-at MILLER & CO.'s, No. 3 Union square. Lace Curtains, wholesale and retail, a specialty, at G. L. & J. B. KELLY'S, 447 Broadway.

Pinno and Table Covers, Rev. Dr. Sparry, of New York, and so Yolk nown among Protestant churches of this country, for the of practised in this city exclusively for Spinol and Revyaling the Country of the Countr known among Protesiant churches of this country, for practised in this city applicatively for Spinal and Ne affections, says "that Brownles's One Disease Research and the American Spinal Nervous the unatum, Nervous Paralysis. I he quently oured a hundred cases of Neuraleis, with the bottle when it was located in the face." For sale, BARNES & CO., Il Park row, New York.

Torrey's Patent Weather Strips Egeladewind, dust, snow or rain. Warranted five years Dapoting

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Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologies, 48 Bond street, New York (founder of the Dermatological science in this pour, successfully reasts all cutaneous diseases of the head loss of hair and premature grayness.

The Doctor also cures moles, wens, warts, moth, from the comedones (black worms), unnatural red noses, and all pinply eruptions and sorbuite affections on the face, a neck, or other paris of the body.

No clarge for consultation, personally or by letter, of Sept for circular.

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